

Solving Rational Equations

Solve

$$\frac{4}{3x-5} = 4$$

$$4 = 4(3x-5)$$

$$4 = 12x - 20$$

$$24 = 12x$$

$$2 = x$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{4}{3(2)-5} \\ &= \frac{4}{6-5} \\ &= \frac{4}{1} \\ &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

Solve:

$$\frac{x-5}{x^2-3x-4} = \frac{3x+2}{x^2-1}$$

$$\cancel{(x+1)} \frac{x-5}{(x-4)\cancel{(x+1)}} = \frac{3x+2}{\cancel{(x+1)}(x-1)} \cancel{(x+1)}$$

$$(x-1) \frac{x-5}{(x-4)} = \frac{3x+2}{(x-1)} (x-4)$$

$$x^2 - 6x + 5 = 3x^2 - 10x - 8$$

$$0 = 2x^2 - 4x - 13$$

Can you
factor?
⊗ -26
⊕ -4

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$= \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{(-4)^2 - 4(2)(-13)}}{2(2)}$$

$$= \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{120}}{4}$$

$\sqrt{120} = \sqrt{4 \times 30}$

$$= \frac{4 \pm 2\sqrt{30}}{4}$$

$$x = \frac{2 + \sqrt{30}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{2 - \sqrt{30}}{2}$$

Solving Rational Inequalities

$$\frac{2}{x-5} < 10$$

$$\frac{2}{x-5} = 10 \cdot \frac{x-5}{x-5} < 0$$

$$\frac{2-10x+50}{x-5} < 0$$

$$\frac{-10x+52}{x-5} < 0$$

$$V.A \rightarrow x = 5$$

$$H.A. \rightarrow \frac{-10x+52}{x-5}$$

$$\rightarrow y = -10$$

x-int (y=0)

$$0 = \frac{-10x+52}{x-5}$$

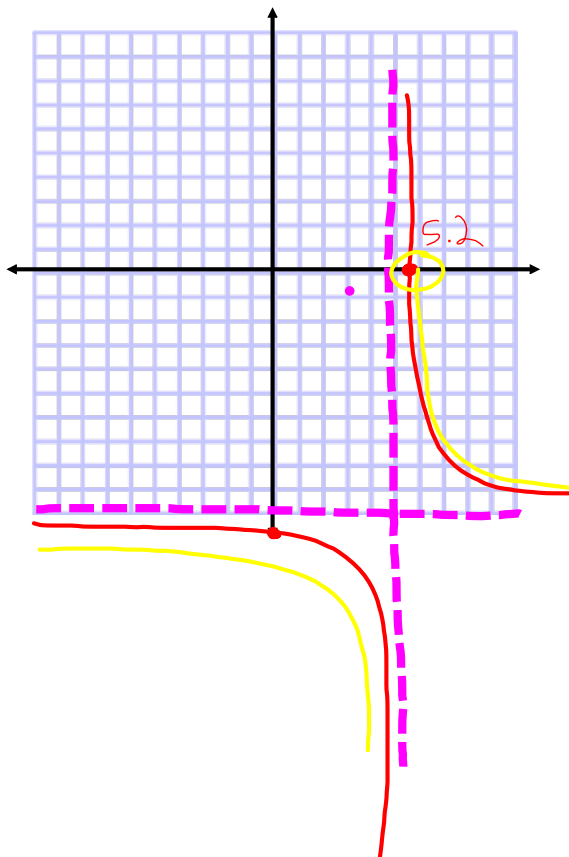
$$0 = -10x+52$$

$$10x = 52$$

$$x = 5.2$$

y-int (x=0)

$$y = -10.4$$



$$x \in (-\infty, 5) \text{ and } (5.2, \infty)$$

$$\frac{x^2 - x - 2}{x^2 + x - 12} \geq 0$$

$$\frac{(x-2)(x+1)}{(x+4)(x-3)} \geq 0$$

Key x-values

2, -1, -4, 3

	$(-\infty, -4)$	-4	$(-4, -1)$	-1	$(-1, 2)$	2	$(2, 3)$	3	$(3, \infty)$
$(x-2)$	-	-	-	-	-	0	+	+	+
$(x+1)$	-	-	-	0	+	+	+	+	+
$(x+4)$	-	0	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
$(x-3)$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	+
$-(x)$	$\frac{(-)(-)}{(-)(-)} = +$	$\frac{0}{0} = \text{Und}$	-	0	+	0	-	Und	+
	✓			✓	✓	✓			✓

$$x \in (-\infty, -4) \cup [-1, 2] \cup (3, \infty)$$

pg. 183
2, 3, 5, 9